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P R O M O T I N G   G O O D   R E S E A R C H

## **PRESS RELEASE FOR AUSTRIA AND CENTRAL EUROPE YEARBOOK 2010**

### ***ERSTE GROUP PRODUCES HUNGARY'S MOST ACCURATE RESEARCH***

**(Embargoed: 07:00am Feb 15, GMT)**

London, 15 February, 2010 — AQ Research, the independent research analysis firm, today publishes its fourth annual review of equity research in relation to companies in Austria and four Central European markets (Croatia, Czech Republic, Hungary and Poland). The Austria and Central Europe Research Yearbook 2010 evaluates the performance of profit forecasts during calendar years 2008 and 2009. In the Hungarian section, the report examines research from 7 houses covering the 6 main listed companies.

"The Hungarian equity market proved surprisingly resilient over the past year with both the index and traded volumes recovering" says AQ Research Managing Director William Russell-Smith. "Erste Group performed very well in our analysis of analyst forecast accuracy, coming top on 4 of the 6 main listed stocks."

Highlights of the analysis are as follows:-

- **Erste Group** was top ranked in our Hungarian earnings forecast table this year, followed by **Concorde Securities Ltd** and **Raiffeisen**. Erste Group was also top ranked last year in Hungary.
- **Erste Group** is also the overall winner for forecast accuracy in the Austria and Central Europe region, for the second year running.
- **Ákos Herczenik (Raiffeisen)** is the top ranked individual analyst, followed by **Attila Vágó (Concorde Securities)**.
- **OTP Bank** is the most predictable Hungarian stock this year for analysts forecasting company earnings per share. **MOL** is the least predictable.

CONTACTS for detailed tables and copies of the Austria and Central Europe Research Yearbook 2010:

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## Notes to Editor:

### About AQ Research

AQ Research provides independent quantitative analysis of analysts' recommendations and eps forecasts, using data obtained from the broking houses involved. AQ has been analysing the accuracy of eps forecasts since 1998 and began publishing its RQ series of reports in 2003. In addition, it provides detailed analysis of the accuracy of research in specific national markets in a series of dedicated country reports.

### 'AQ' Methodology

The AQ measure is designed to measure the accuracy of an analyst's financial forecast. We use the eps as the benchmark measure because that is what is used by the investment research industry. Eps itself is an awkward figure, as there can be different opinions at what level to take the earnings, and how many shares to consider. To get around this problem, we take the so-called headline eps, the figure that by convention the company reports and the figure that is used in compiling the consensus.

The new AQ methodology for determining the accuracy of earnings estimates was launched at the beginning of 2007, following consultations with the industry. The significant change is that it looks at the "error" of the analyst, as expressed by the shaded area on the eps chart below to identify the best forecasting analysts. The default values are used in the publications. When used in AQ Online, the customer can set their own values not only for the annual weightings but also for any estimate, e.g. to highlight analysts who have better early forecasting accuracy during any particular period. AQ scores are in the range 0-100. They can be interpreted as follows:

>60: Small deviations in actual eps vs. the spread of forecasts (generally below 5%) for the past 2 years

40-60: Forecasts falling into this range indicate either deviations of actual eps vs. forecasts up to 10% over past 2 years

20-40: Deviations of actual vs. forecast eps typically between 10% and 15%, possibly for one of past 2 years. Analysts who have initiated within past 2 years can also have low scores

<20: AQ's are often not registered where deviations from actual eps numbers exceed 15%